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SCRANTON, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 19, 1900.

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## **PORTO RICO-PHILIPPINES** CITIZENSHIP

Masteriu Presentation of the Government's Position by Attorney-General Griggs.

### BEFORE SUPREME COURT

Counsel Perkins for the Porto Ricans Presents His Side of the Case Armed with Facts and Precedents to Sustain His Cause-Mr. Harmon Recites the Case of Pepke Who Brought Diamond Rings from the Philippines - Attorney General Griggs Makes the Most Important Speech of the Day.

&r Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, Dec. 18.-Arguments in the Porto Rico-Philippines cases, involving the status of those countries to the United States, were resumed in the United States Supreme court today. The widespread interest in the cases was shown by a large attendance of prominent members of the bar and by a crowd of spectators which filled the public area and overflowed into the corridor. Senators and representatives in congress who had taken part in the Porto Rico-Philippine legislation, dropped in as the arguments progressed and gave attentive ear to the proceedings. Edward C. Perkins, senior counsel in the Porto Rico case, on resuming his argument, took up the Dred Scott and other cases relating to the extension of the constitution over erritory.

After referring to numerous cases Mr. Perkins said that the doctrine that the constitution did not extend to the territories was based on the idea that the constitution was a substance, a sort of chattel which could be moved about here and there as congress saw fit, rather than something bequeathed to us by our ancestors. It was, he said, a sort of "transsubstantiation of the constitution." It was a contention that the consitution could not get into a territory unless congress placed it there. He denied that the constitution in itself extended to the territories by declaring that it was an inanimate substance lacking the power of locomotion.

### A Series of Questions.

At this point Justice White asked a series of pointed questions of Mr. Per-

justice first asked if Mr. Per kins' contention would lead him to the conclusion that immediately upon the making of a treaty ceding territory to the United States every person born in that territory after the date of cession became ipso jure a citizen of the United States.

Mr. Perkins answered in the affirmative, saying that if his contention was correct those born in the territory after the cession were citizens, if they were civilized and not in the position of our Indians.

Justice White asked what authority there was for excluding Indians. He pointed out that the distinction tween the American Indian and the citizen antedated the constitution. He again propounded the query to citizen ship, following immediately on the conclusion of a cession of territory.

Mr. Perkins answered that undoubt edly persons born in the territory after the cession and subject to the jurisdiction of the United States were citizens of the United States.

Justice White suggested that in this answer "under the jurisdiction of the Unted States" stated out of the question the very contention which was be-

ing made in these cases. Mr. Perkins said the limitations of his answer was intended to cover such special circumstances relating to In-

dians and uncivilized persons which had been referred to. Continuing his argument, Mr. Perkins

cited many other authorities supporting

his view that the constitution in itself

#### extended to territories. No Violation of Principles.

In summing up Mr. Perkins said the appellants felt that they had established that neither the treaty of Paris nor the tariff act of 1897 are violative of the constitutional principles he had set forth, but that the tariff act was in full force and that throughout the national domain as well as in Porto Rico and the Philippines as elsewhere, and that it does not contemplate a tax upon goods transported from one part of the national domain to another.

Mr. Lawrence Harmon, of counsel for appellant in the Philippine case, followed Mr. Perkins, speaking at times in impassioned tones which rang through the chamber. He spoke of the august character of the court and the sentiment that on this "holy ground" justice and right were certain to prevall. The proposition now presented. small in itself, involved results affecting the entire future of the government. Mr. Harmon briefly recited the circumstances of the Philippine case: Emil J. Pepke, a volunteer serving in the Philippines, where he purchased fourteen diamonds rings valued at \$900 to \$1,000, bringing them back to the United States, where, at Chicago, the United States customs officers confisthe diamonds rings on the ground that they came from the Philippines, were dutiable and had been smuggled into the United States. The rase now comes up to the United States supreme court on the appellant's pleathat the property was not subject to customs duties, the Philippines part of the United States. Mr. Harmon directed the early part of his argument to setting forth the fundamental principles of equality which had been enunciated by the Declaration of

Independence. The chief points urged

### The Chief Points.

By the treaty of peace between the United States and Spain, the Philippines became a part of the United States; the government and the citizens of the United Styles both enter said lalands under the authority of the constitution with their respective rights defined and marked out; the former can exercise no power over the person or property of a citizen of the United States beyond what that instrument confers no lawfully deny any right which it has reserved.

Being a part of the United States the Philip-

[Continued on Page 10.]

### BOERS RAID CAPE COLONY.

Gen. MacDonald Is Engaging the Invaders and Driving Them Back.

y Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. London, Dec. 19 .- "The Boers have aided Cape Colony at two separate points one hundred miles distant," says the Cape Town correspondent of the

"One commando advanced upon Philipstown, between Colesberg and Kimberley. The other, supposed to be Hercommando, crossed the Orange river between Odendaal Stroom and Bethulie, northwest of Burghersdorp, its objective apparently Cradock.

"General MacDonald is engaging the invaders, who have no guns, twenty miles west of Burghersdorp. The lat est news is that they are being slowly forced back to the Orange river, where warm reception is being prepared for

### ARBITRATION AND CONCILIATION

Mr. Lusk, of New Zealand, and Mr. Gompers Indulge in a Lively Debate.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press,

Chicago, Dec. 18.-The conference on arbitration and conciliation, which passed into industrial history with its djournment tonight, was enlivened during the day by a debate between Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and Hugh H. Lusk, ex-member of varliament of New Zealand. The venerable New Zealander during the forenoon turned aside from his prepared address to express displeasure at a declaration made by Mr. Compers in his address last night. The labor leader, on the occasion mentioned, asserted that he vanted to see labor organizations retain the privilege of striking when they pleased, why they pleased, or merely ecause they pleased.

"That is not liberty," cried Mr. Lusk. "It is license." The speaker proceeded: "Mr. Gompers wants conciliation, and e says you can never have any conclliation unless you are ready to cut one another's throats. Well, if that is the tinfortunate condition of the peo-ple of America, I am sorry for them. We are not so anxious to cut one another's throats where I came from. I wish Mr. Gompers had taken the sory arbitration law is before he told you about it, but as he has not, I am obliged to do this for him." During the afternoon Mr. Gompers secured the stage and reiterated his assertions of

he night previous. "We do not," he declared, "clutch each other's throats unnecessarily, but would rather have the right to clutch at a man's throat than to have my arms amputated. The compulsory labor aw is equivalent to the amputation referred to. I want labor to have the strength of a giant, but to use that strength gently."

Following this two speeches were sandwiched in and then Mr. Lusk again took the floor. He explained at length the workings of the arbitration court of New Zealand, generally talking straight at the labor president. 'You'd cut my arms off in your country," said Mr. Gompers, speaking from his seat.

"If you were good we would no amputate your arms," replied the New Zealander, "but me might enlarge your head.

A lively exchange of questions and answers, which bewildered the audience, followed. Mr. Lusk explained that during the hearing of a dispute between employer and his unionized employes neither side could, under penchange the conditions which alty. caused the appeal to the arbitration board. The hearing, during which neither side had the right to independent action, generally lasted about month.

"I'd rather be at sword's point in America, an independent, than to surrender my right to strike for one min-

ute," shouted Mr. Gompers. Aside from the skirmishes between these two men, and they took up considerable time, there were numerous speeches, all favoring voluntary arbitration. Even Mr. Lusk declared that America was not ready for compulsory arbitration.

At the evening session the committee on resolutions presented its report. The resolutions "recognize the fact that compulsory arbitration—aside from all other objections urged against it-is not at this time a question of practical industrial reform and that such systems as are now in vogue do not seem to fully meet the requirements of the different interests."

### Steamship Arrivals.

ly Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. New York, Dec. 18 .- Arrived: Rotterdam, Rotterdam. Cleared: Southwark, Antwerp via South-ampton: Majesti; Liverpool. Salled: Kataer Wilhelm III for Naples, etc. Plymouth: Arrived: Deutschland, New York for Hamburg: Patricia, New York for Hamburg and proceeded. Salled: Pretoria (from Hamburg), New York, Boulogne-Arrived: Potsdam, New York for Rotterdam. rrived: Furnessia, New York for Horst Castle (Dec. 19, 3.25 a m.)— Jahn, New York, for Bremen. Rotterdoville-Arrived: dam-Arrived: Petsdam, New York via Bou-

National Guard Inspections. By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Harrisburg, Dec. 18.-Adjutant General Stewars today issued general orders announcing that the several organizations of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and naval force, excepting the brigade bands, will be inspected at such dates, between Feb. 15 and May 15, 1901, as may be designated by brigade com-

## THE COURT AT **WEST POINT**

Taking of Testimony in the Booz Investigation is Continued at West Point.

### THE CADETS ARE POLITE

They All Insist That There Was No Brutal Usage - Witnesses Are Straightforward in Their Answers to Questions-They State That Booz Was Regarded as a Coward at the School-Another Victim.

By Evelusive Wire from The Associated Press. West Point, N. Y., Dec. 18 .- The milltary court of inquiry, which began taking testimony in Bristol, Pa., yesterday, arrived at the military academy at 1 o'clock this afternoon. At 2 30 it resumed its investigation of the charges of hazing and brutal treatment made by the parents of former Cadet Oscar L. Booz, who died a couple of weeks ago at his home in Bristol. The court room was open to the public, but no non-military men except the report-

ers were present. A great many officers and attaches of the academy were interested spectators, and from the opening of the proceedings to the adjournment at 6 o'clock not a person left the room. Generals Brooke, Bates and Clous and Captain Dean questioned the witnesses as to the practice of hazing in the academy, both in camp and barracks.

Sixty-eight members of the class of 1902, to which Booz belonged until he resigned in September or October, 1898, were summoned to the court and were brought in squads and kept in anterooms in the academy building. This is the first time in many years that a court of inquiry has convened at the academy. The last occasion was the investigation of the case of a colored cadet named Whitaker, who claimed that he had his ear silt, but it was found he had done the cutting himself. This was over ten years ago. Fourteen of the sixty-eight cadets of the second class were examined during the after-noon, and all of them who knew Booz declared that his standing with his classmates was not very hgh, as they looked upon him as a coward. The story of his fight with Kellar, in 1898, was told by Cadet O. N. Tyler, who seconded Booz. When asked by the court why he did so, Tyler said, "Well, Booz asked me to be his second, and I could not well refuse."

Every one of the witnesses denied that any brutal usage occurred, and two of them described the "bracing" and "setting up" drills as only "corous nor humiliating. Every one of them seemed to give a straightforward story and one and all denied that Book bad been interfered with on account of his religious belief or tendencies. Just how long the inquiry here will last could not be figured on by the officers of the court tonight, but it is expected to take up the greater part of this week. The learing will be resumed tomorrow

#### morning. Another Victim.

Altoona, Pa., Dec. 18.-John Breth, a etter from whose mother Mr. Booz wanted to submit to the military board of inquiry at Bristol, Pa., yesterday, was a son of ex-Mayor Samuel J. Breth, of this city. He was appointed to West Point by former Congressman J. D. Hicks, also of this city, in 1897, and after a seven months' stay at the academy, came home and died of typhoid pneumonia. Young Breth's famlly firmly believes that the severe treatment he received from the other students at West Point was the primary cause of his death, but no formal complaint was or will be made. Even Breth never complained of the hazing any more than to refer to it guardedly.

"There is no doubt that John lost his life through the weakened condition he was in after being hazed," said a member of the family today.

### NARROW GUAGE ROAD **WILL BE WIDENED**

The Work Upon the Montrose and Tunkhannock Line Already Begun.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Tunkhannock, Pa., Dec. 18 .- The preliminary work of changing the Montrose railroad from a narrow to a standard guage has been begun and workmen are already getting materials on the ground. The line is twenty-eight miles in length and connects Tunkhannock and Montrose, the county seats of Wyoming and Susquehanna counties respectively.

It was operated as an independent line for many years, but was recently absorbed by the Lehigh Valley Rail road company.

### AMNESTY BILL ADOPTED.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Paris, Dec. 19, 3,20 a. m.—The chamber of deputies, after an all night session, adopted the amnesty bill by a vote of 156 to 2. Four hundred

and thirty-three deputies were absent.

The benefits of the measure extend to offenses connected with strikes, public meetings of asso-ciations, and the troubles in Algeria in 1807-98, in addition to cases arising out of the Dreyfus agitation.

### Will Punish Lynchers.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Indianapolis. Dec. 18.—Governor Mount said lonight, concerning the triple lynching of the "No stone will be negroes in Spencer county: "No stone will be left unturned to run down the perpenturs of mob violence, these deliberate and vistous vio-lators of the laws of the state and visit upon them a vigorous prosecution and a just retribu-tion in the courts."

### MOORISH GOVERNMENT SETTLES THE CLAIM.

The Affair Is Arranged by the Payment of \$5,000 Incemnity.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press Washington, Dec. 18 .- A message from United States Consul Gommere, at Tanglers, informs the state department that the Moorish government has settled the claim of the United States for \$5,000 indemnity on account of the murder of Macus Ezzaguia, an American citizen in Morocco, last spring. Eszagui was of French birth, but

the fact that he was naturalized as an American citizen relieved the French government from the necessity of joining in the demand for indemnity. The Moorish government pleaded as a basis for its first declination to pay, the fact that the man was killed not by Moorish officers, but in a fight with the rabble. The claim for indemnity, however, was based on the fallure of the Moorish government to make any effort to arrest or punish the perpetrators of the murder. The navy department, at the instance of the state department, was making arrangements to send a naval vessel to Morocco, to lend moral support to the demands of the American consul for

### CURSE OF COMBINATION.

Exemplified by Testimony Given at Sessions of the Industrial Commission at Philadelphia.

by Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Philadelphia, Dec. 18 .- At today's session of the industrial commission John Carbutt, manufacturer of gelatine dry plates and films for photography, testified concerning the combination of capital in his business. Chairman Clarke asked Mr. Carbutt if his goods came into competition with other products of a similar nature. In reply the witness said that in 1878 Mr. Eastman, of the Eastman company, went to Germany and secured, as he thought, control of certain paper used in the development of photographs. On his return several photographic supply houses ntered into a combination known as the General Aristo comany.

Dealers, Mr. Carbutt said, were comelled by this company to sign an agreement to sell no paper except that produced by the General Aristo company, under penalty of refusal to furnish them with other supplies. Mr. Carbutt said he had tried to purchase the paper from agents of the combination, but without success. The paper is entirely of foreign manufacture and cannot be produced in this country. Witness said that through friends abroad he had been successful in securing the paper, but was compelled to pay more for it than it cost the "com-bine." In answer to a question by Chairman Clarke, Mr. Carbutt said he employed many bands and utilized much valuable matter. He asserted that he was discriminated against in viola-

tion of the law. Nathan B. Folwell, manufacturer of regarding the existing condition of the trade. He said a protective tariff was beneficial to the manufacturer, and he believed that all American dealers in raw and finished wool desired no further legislation. A settled condition of the tariff, he believed, was highly important.

In answer to a question regarding oncentration of capital, Mr. Folwell said a number of wool manufacturers have combined, forming the American Woollen company, for economic purposes. His firm was not a member of the "combine." He did not think it possible to organize a combination which could control 90 per cent. of the wool output. His employes, he said, are mostly non-union.

### DR. TAFT DEAD.

Surgeon Who Attended Lincoln at Time of Death Passes Away.

ly Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. New York, Dec. 18 .- Dr. Charles R. Paft, of Mount Vernon, N. Y., died today at his residence, aged 65 years, of cancer of the throat.

Dr. Taft was born in New York city and during the Civil war was connected with the Union army medical corps. After 1862 he was stationed at Washington and the night Booth shot Prestdent Lincoln Dr. Taft was in a seat in the theater directly under the president's box. The doctor, when he reatized what had happened, called out that he was a surgeon, and was lifted by bystanders into the box. He d'd what he could for Mr. Lincoln and remained with the dying president during the removal from the theater, and was in constant attendance with the other physicians until the end

Dr. Taft continued in the army service until about fifteen years ago, when he retired. He is survived by a widow and three children.

### Engagement at Manila.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Manila, Dec. 18.-Lieutenant Herbert L. Evans, of the Forty-tourth volunteer infantry regiment, with fifty men, attacked, Dec. 12, several hundred bolomen and fifty insurgents with rifles occupy-ing an intrenched position at Tonixigan, island bu. The Americans had three men and the enemy lost twelve men killed and many

### Mrs. McKinley Guest of Honor.

by Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Washington, Dec. 18,--Mrs. McKinley was th nest of honor at a box party given at the Colambia theater tonight, by Comptroller and Mrs. the Chinese English musical comedy, produced by the Augustin Daly company.

#### Chinese Grocery Burned. By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Presa

New York, Dec. 18. The Chinese grocery and tea store of Wing, Wohn, Chung & Co., 34 Pell street, was damaged to the extent of \$30,000 by a are this afternoon. There was no insurance. It s not known how the fire started.

## Ottendorfer's Funeral.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press New York, Dec. 18. - The funeral of Oswald Ottendorfer, publisher and editor of the Staats Zeltung, took place today. There were services at the house at which there were present only the family of the deceased and immediate friends

## **GENERAL TUNG IS SUPREME**

Neglect on Part of the Allies at Pekin Has Resulted in Birth of Another Dangerous Element.

### **EMPRESS IS TERRORIZED**

Tung-Fuh-Sang Has Assumed the Position of Dictator - Controls Movements of Imperial Troops. Reported Necessity of Wider Military Operations by the Allies. Joint Note Accepted.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. London Dec. 18 -- A Pekin dispatch 12 Local-Live News of the Labor World. to the Pall Mall Gazette, dated Dec. 17, is as follows:

"The situation has not improved by the representatives of the powers having reached an agreement, as the scope of the negotiations is limited and the neglected to close the arsenals and factories at Hankow and Shanghai, and have failed to check the transmission of supplies of ammunition of the Chinese. Tung-Fuh-Siang thus has every opportunity of rallying and equipping his army. He has secured the position of dictator, terrorizes the empress, and controls the whole movement of troops, It will be necessary to give the military operations of the allies a wider

London, Dec. 19 .- "Great Britain's proposed alterations in the preamble of the joint note have been practically accepted by all the powers," says the Pekin correspondent of the Daily Mail, wiring Monday. "Both Russia and Japan, whose support was regarded as doubtful, have agreed."

Only the attitude of the United States remains as yet not clearly defined; but the acquiescence of America is anticipated, and it is probable that the joint note will be signed and delivered to the Chinese plenipotentiaries within three or four days. The German minister has warmly supported the British

### BARNES DIED GAME.

The Wounded Train Robber Cuts ais Own Throat with a Hunting Knife.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. New Orleans, Dec. 18 .- With a gaping wound in the back and another in the left wrist, inflicted by the police Channing B. Barnes, train robber, drew the keen edge of a hunting knife across his throat in a swamp near this city today and ended his career.

Since the hold-up of the Chicago Limited mail on the Illinois Central in the suburbs of this city Thursday night the police have searched in vain for the two men who escaped after a running fight. It was known that one was hadly wounded and that he was compelled to drop a United States mail bag in his flight. In a swamp nearby all traces of the men were lost, how ever. Notwithstanding, the officers felt sure the wounded man had not gone far and today in the midst of swamp they found his body. It bore two bullet wounds, one in the back, the other in the wrist. With a hunting knife the robber, knowing that his wounds were fatal and that escape from the swamp was impossible, had cut his own throat. In the pockets were found the watch of the conductor of the mail train, many registered letters and a quantity of dynamite.

The body was brought to police headquarters and identified as that of Channing B. Barnes, with many aliases, who was wanted for participating in the daring hold-up of an Illinois Central express train at Wickliffe, Ky., last July, and who, when attempts were made to arrest him in St. Louis soon after, shot Chief Special Agent Murray, of the Illinois Central, escaped over the housetops, evading hundreds of pursuers. His brother and a pal were later captured and con-

## CHINAMEN ARRESTED.

Two Mongolians Violate the Exclusion Act.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Pres-Plattsburg, N. Y., Dec. 18.-Lee Din, aged twenty-two, and Lee On Chung, aged twenty-one, two Chinamen recently arrested at Burke, Franklin county, N. V., for alleged entry of this country in violation of the Chinese exclusion act, were tried before United States Commissioner Woodward in the United States court here today. The Chinamen testified that they were born in San Francisco, and had simply been in China for a visit.

As the government officials were unable to produce any witnesses who could disprove their statements, they were discharged and they left here to night for New York.

Touists Off for the Mediterranean. By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press New York, Dec. 18,-Ex-Vice President Levi P. Morton, with his two daughters, the Misses Helen and Alice, started for the Mediterranean today on the Kaiser Wilhelm III, to spend the winter

Italy. Another tourist on the vessel was F

Jesse Morrison Admitted to Bail. By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. El Dorado, Kan., Dec. 18 .- Jesse Morrison whose trial on the charge of killing Mrs. Olin Castle, resulted in the disagreement of the jury, was today admitted to \$5,000 bail.

### THE NEWS THIS MORNING.

Weather Indications Today. FAIR; SOUTHERLY WINDS.

General-Able Arguments in the Philippin and Porto Rico Citizenship Cases The Hazing Court at West Point,

- New Element of Danger in China, Schator Foraker on the Treaty. General-Carbondale News Department,
- 3 General-National Civil Service Reform League Dons War Paint
- Lditorial.

"Coxey."

Local-No Trouble Anticipated in Changing Local-Tabulated Statement of

Scranton's Form of Government

- Lackawanna County. Opinions on the Big Coal Ded. Local-Detailed Statement of Yesterday's
- Councilmanic Elections, Undertakers and Liveryrian Dine,
- Local-West Seranton and Subyrban,
- 9 General-Northeastern Pennsylvania News.
- Financial and Commer ial. 0 General-Arguments in the Pullippines and Porto Rico Citizenship Cares (Cencloded.)

# **METZGAR'S DUAL LIFE**

**ENDS IN A TRAGEDY** 

effect is neutralized. The allies have Stained Glass Manufacturer Shoots His Actress Wife at Hopewell and Then Commits Suicide.

> ly Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Bedford, Pa., Dec. 18 .- Arthur Spear Metzgar, a stained glass manufac-turer of Newark, N. J., shot and almost instantly killed his reputed wife, Elsie Dinsmore Metzgar, at Hopewell, early this morning, and then shot himself, dying in a few minutes. The woman was leading lady with the Frank Davidson "Farmer Hopkins" company, which was showing in Hopewell. The "Farmer Hopkins" company showed in Bedford last week and during its stay here. Metzgar came on to visit her. Metzgar, it is said here, has a wife living in Newark, N. J. Monday morning the company left for Hopewell, Metzgar leaving on the same train for his home in Newark. On reaching Huntingdon, however, he changed his mind and returned to Hopewell and in some way succeeded in getting into the woman's room at the hotel while she was at the theater. The actress retired to her room about 11 o'clock. About 2 o'clock the people in the hotel were awakened by the woman's screams, followed almost immediately by two shots. While the door of the room was being forced, another shot was heard. Metzgar's body was laying against the door and that of the

> woman was lying near the bed. The woman was 29 years of age. Her mother, Mrs. A. Carruthers lives in Albany, N. Y. On Saturday the couple had their pictures taken to-gether by a photographer in Bedford. Documents found in the woman's trunk show that she was married to Metzgar, although a telegram received at Hopewell tonight states that

Metzgar's real wife is now at Newark The maiden name of the woman is Annie Carruthers, whose home prior o her marriage was 309 Pearl street, Buffalo, N. Y. The bodies still remain

unclaimed tonight at Hopewell, Newark, N. J., Dec. 18.—The police of this city received information today that Alfred Metzgar, a stained glass manufacturer of Newark, had last night killed a woman supposed to be his wife at Hopewell, Pa., and then

committed suicide. Metzgar resided at 509 Central avenue, this city, where Mrs. Metzgar was found alive and well. She was shocked to hear of the double tragedy said to have been committed by her husband at Hopewell last night. She said her husband went to that place on Thursday last, as he said, to superintend the putting in of stained glass windows in a church. He telegraphed to her yesterday, stating that he expected to be home today. Mrs. Metzgar said she had no sus picion as to who the woman was who is alleged to have been murdered by

her husband. The police learned from relatives of Metzgar that he had been at home with his family but little during the last three months, and they had a suspicion that he was living a dual life. Metzgar was 39 years of age and he father of three children.

### LYNCHING IN PROSPECT.

Two Negroes Near New Orleans in the Hands of a Mob.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press New Orleans, Dec. 18 .-- A special from Lake Providence, La., says: The Belle of the Bends, which arrived here from Arcadia, Miss., landing, reports a murder and robbery at that place Sunday, which, it is thought, resulted in lynching of two negroes there today. Two negroes from a neighboring levee camp went to a trading boat kept at the landing by a white man, killed him and his wife and baby. They then robbed the boat and left, after burning

the craft to the water's edge. Today the negroes were recognized by the property of the white family and arrested. They confessed, and it is said were taken in charge by a mob.

### Service Postponed.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. London, Dec. 18 .- The contemplated thanksgiving service in St. Paul's cathedral, in connection with the return of Lord Roberts from South Africa has been abandoned, owing, as the govern-ment announces, "to its being very derirable to defer a general thanksgiving until the close of the operations in South Africa."

### Strike Declared Off.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Pittsburg Dec. 18.-The strike of the marin engineers, inaugurated four weeks ago, was com-promised today and officially declared off. The coal combine conceded the advance in wages demanded and agreed to take back all of the old employes, but refused to sign the scale pre-

## FORAKER ON THE TREATY

His Speech in the Senate a Defense of the Hau-Pauncefote Agreement.

### PRAISE FOR MR. HAY

Who Is Designated as Gentleman and Scholar, Patriot and Statesman. The House Devotes a Day to District of Columbia Business-A Bill to Change the Terminal Facilities of the Pennsylvania Bailroad.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Washington, Dec. 18.-The friends of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty occupied nearly all of the time of the senate in executive session today, Senators Foraker and Morgan being the speakers. Previous to the taking up of that treaty the senate, for the purpose of its calendar, disposed of several other treaties of comparatively little import-

ance. Five conventions in all were Senator Foraker's speech from first to last was a defense of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, and he took occasion to praise in high terms Secretary Hay, who, he said, is not only an accomplished gentleman and scholar, but a patriot and statesman of high order. He had differed from the secretary in some respects, he said, as to the policy to be pursued, but any fair-minded man must recognize that in negotiating the pending treaty the secretary of state had accepted conditions as he found them and that in falling into the policy of neutrality he had only followed historic precedents. Senator Morgan traversed much of

the ground he had covered in his previous arguments in support of the Hay-

#### Pauncefote treaty. In the House.

The house devoted the day to District of Columbia business. The whole time was occupied in the consideration of a bill to change the terminal facilities of the Pennsylvania railroad in this city and to provide for the elevation of its tracks across the Mall, south of Penn avenue. The opposition was persistent but after much fillbustering the friends of the bill succeeded in securing a recess until 11 o'clock tomorrow in order to continue the legislative day and complete consideration of the bill.

### MINE CABLE BREAKS.

Accident at the Locust Spring Col-

liery at Shamokin. Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Shamokin, Pa., Dec. 18.-A cable broke at Locust Spring colliery today, causing three loaded cars to run 1,000 feet down the main slope, which was wrecked. The cable in parting described a circle and striking the engine house, crashed through the roof and struck the seat which Engineer E. Peter Veith had just left to examine the engine and

demolished it into kindling wood. Veith stood two feet away.

Five hundred employes will be thrown out of employment until the slope can be cleared of debris. It will require at

#### least a week to clear the place. NATALIE STRIKE ENDED.

Twelve Hundred Employes Have Returned to Work.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Shamokin, Pa., Dec. 18.-The strike at Natalie colliery ended this morning. twelve hundred employes returning to The Shamokin Coal company work. agreed to grant everybody the ten per cent. increase, reinstate several discharged men and give non-union men two days in which to settle differences with union men, otherwise the former

will be discharged. The United Mine Workers say they will again tie up the mines of the company if the non-union men who refuse to go into their organization are not

#### discharged. DEATHS OF A DAY.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Chicago, Dec. 18 .- Dr. Ephraim Ingals, who was one of the founders of the Republican party and during the early days of that political organization a leader in its councils, died at his home in this city today, aged 78 years. He was a prominent member of the American Medical and State Medical associations. Philadelphia, Dec. 18 .- Jones Detwiler, one of

best known citizens of Montgomery

aged 73 years. In 1876 he was elected state sen-ator from Montgomery county and served one New York, Dec. 18.-Palmer W. Wood, cash-

died at his home near Blue Bell late last night,

ier of the New York city postoffice, died at his home in Herkimer, today, aged 60 years. Death was due to cerebral hemorrhages. New York, Dec. 18,-Associate Supreme Court Justice George C. Ludlow, of New Jersey, died today at New Brunswick, of bronchitis. Justice Ludlow was born in Hunterdon county, in 1830,

and had lived in New Brunswick since child-hood. He graduated from Rutgers' college in 1850, and was admitted to the bar in 1853. In 1880 he was elected governor of the state, de-feating Frederick A. Potts, his Republican opponent by 651 votes. He was elected associate justice of the supreme court in 1804. justice of the supreme court in 1891.

Lock Haven, Dec. 18.—Mrs. James Elizabeth Waggener died here today of paralysis, aged 70 years. She was the great-great-grandiaughter of President John Adams and great-granddaughter of John Quincy Adams. Her grandfather was killed in the war of 1812. Her father served in the Mexican war; her husband was killed in Civil war at Atlanta while under General man; her son served through the Civil war, and her grandson, Lieutenant Gardner, was killed recently in the Philippines. She was born in Carlisle, Pa., and had resided here since 1878.

#### ++++#+++++++++ WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Dec. 18.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday: Eastern Penn-sylvania—Fair Wednesday and Thursday;

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